



American Samoa phs energy

What is the energy goal for American Samoa?

In 2016, the American Samoa Renewable Energy Committee set a goal to meet 50% of American Samoa's energy from renewable energy resources by 2025 and 100% by 2040, primarily with solar energy. In 2021, per capita electricity consumption in American Samoa was about 70% less than the U.S. average.

Does American Samoa have energy issues?

Although energy burdens pose a real challenge in American Samoa, the territory is working to advance energy justice. For example, the Territorial Energy Office provides home energy efficiency programs to help reduce energy costs for low-income households.

Where does American Samoa get fuel?

Fuel for American Samoa comes from Singapore with Busan, South Korea as an alternate provider if needed. In the case of fuel disruption, Pacific Energy prioritizes serving ASPA to ensure power and water treatment services are not interrupted (Pacific Energy representative, personal communication, August 9, 2023).

How much does electricity cost in Samoa?

Average U.S. and American Samoa Electricity Prices (2022) ASPA rates are down slightly as of January 2024--approximately \$0.41/kWh for residential and commercial customers and \$0.38/kWh for industrial customers. ASPA's total energy rates include a renewable energy flat rate charged at \$0.002/kWh across all service types (ASPA 2024).

Is American Samoa a renewable country?

American Samoa's energy sector relies almost entirely on imported fossil fuels, although renewables represent a small but growing power system contribution. The territory possesses substantial solar energy resources, as well as wind and biomass resource potential.

What is American Samoa's energy policy?

American Samoa is committed to leveraging these and other federal funding opportunities to advance its energy goals and priorities moving forward. American Samoa's energy policy landscape constitutes a blend of multilateral agreements, strategic plans, rules, regulations, and dedicated offices.

In 2016, the American Samoa Renewable Energy Committee set a goal to meet 50% of American Samoa's energy from renewable energy resources by 2025 and 100% by 2040, primarily with solar energy. In 2022, per capita electricity consumption in American Samoa was about 30% of the U.S. average.

The Territorial Energy Office aims to provide the best management of energy resources within the Territory, strengthen energy efficiency and conservation, and fully utilize the use of renewable energy, and energy technologies to ensure the future ...

Due to fluctuating energy prices, global competition is at its highest. In 2008, a global fuel price increase impacted American Samoan government budgets and when a tsunami hit in September 2009, it crippled American Samoa industry and government, and impacted the welfare of American Samoa's citizens.

American Samoa invests SEP funds in strengthening energy education programs through media services and advertisements, by providing workshops for schools and other organizations to increase awareness on energy efficiency, and by ...

This factsheet provides a high-level overview of American Samoa's power and transportation sectors - as well as territorial policies, challenges, and opportunities related to renewable energy, energy efficiency, and resilience.

American Samoa invests SEP funds in strengthening energy education programs through media services and advertisements, by providing workshops for schools and other organizations to increase awareness on energy efficiency, and by managing lighting retrofit programs to increase energy-efficient lighting installations in government buildings.

In 2010, the American Samoa Renewable Energy Committee (ASREC) was established to reduce the territory's reliance on fossil fuels by 40% by 2025, increase energy efficiency, and increase renewable energy use on the islands. In 2016, ASREC adopted a goal to meet 50% of American Samoa's energy needs from renewable resources by 2025 and 100% ...

developing areas. Energy self-sufficiency has been defined as total primary energy production divided by total primary energy supply. Energy trade includes all commodities in Chapter 27 of the Harmonised System (HS). Capacity utilisation is calculated as annual generation divided by year-end capacity x 8,760h/year. Avoided

Targets Renewable Energy Energy Efficiency Transportation In Place Proposed Prepared by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy; NREL is operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC.

Renewable Energy Projects American Samoa's largest renewable energy facility is a 1.75-MW ground-mounted PV grid-connected system that is expected to replace over 175,000 gallons of ASPA diesel fuel consumption. In addition, American Samoa possesses more than 700-kW of roof-mounted PV on government and private



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